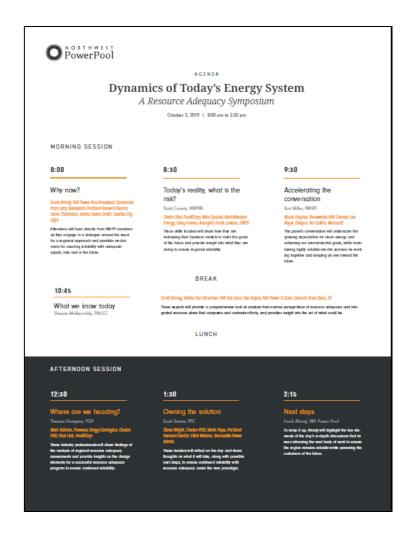
## Regional Adequacy – On the Minds of Regional Energy Leaders

October 2<sup>nd</sup>
Northwest Pool
Symposium:

- It's a shared regional challenge.
- There is urgency.



## Analysts Show Varying Results, But All Agree: PNW Faces a Significant Capacity Gap

- E3 estimates a gap of 8GW by 2030.
- The Northwest Power and Conservation Council estimates a Loss of Load Probability of 33% by 2024 (5% is the standard).

#### 2021-24 Resource Adequacy Assessments

- 2021 LOLP = 7 to 8%
   1,619 MW Retired Capacity (Hardin, Colstrip 1 and 2, Boardman, Centralia 1)
- 2022 LOLP = 7 to 8%
   127 MW Retired Capacity (N Valmy 1)
- 2023 LOLP = 7 to 8% No coal retirements
- 2024 LOLP = 8.2% with mostly winter shortfalls No coal retirements in reference case
- 2024 LOLP = 33% with both winter and summer shortfalls 1,853 MW Early retirement case (Centralia 2, Bridger 1 and 2, N Valmy 2)



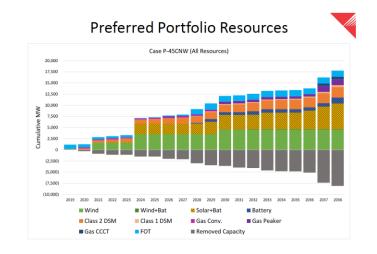
NORTHWEST

The Northwest system will need 8 GW of new effective capacity by 2030								
The 2030 system does not meet 1-in-10 reliability standard (2.4 hrs./yr.)     The 2030 system does not meet standard for Annual LOLP (5%)     Load growth and planned coal retirements lead to the need for 8 GW of new effective capacity by 2030								
	2030 No Net New Capacity	2030 with 5 GW Net New Capacity						
Annual LOLP (%)	48%	2.8%						
LOLE (hrs/yr)	106	2.4						
EUE (MWh/yr)	178,889	1,191						
EUE norm (EUE/load)	0.07%	0.0004%						
Energy+Environmental Economics			29					

### And Utilities are Building New Resource Types into their Plans

- Multiple tools, including "distributed flexibility", are being used to fill the gap.
- For example, PGE is aggressively acquiring DR in their IRP over the next five years, while Pacificorp is adding more DR and storage (mostly paired) to their mix.





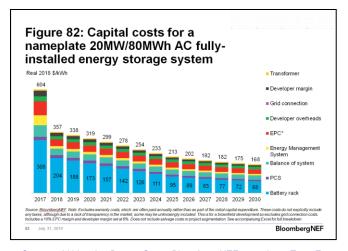
# 2018 Potential Study Found 2,000+ MW of Achievable DR in BPA's Public Service Territory

- 19 products were modeled along a cost curve (20 year levelized).
- Quantity of achievable DR was estimated using regional data and national benchmarks for reasonable penetration.

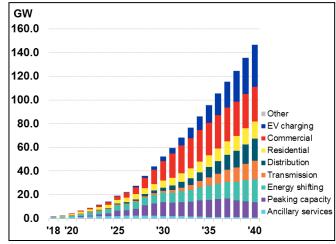
Product	Summer			Winter		
	Summer Achievable Potential (MW)	Percent of Area System Peak— Summer	Levelized Cost (\$/kW-year) Summer	Winter Achievable Potential (MW)	Percent of Area System Peak— Winter	Levelized Cost (\$/kW-year Winter
Residential DLC—Space Heating	0	0.0%	N/A	214	1.4%	\$52
Residential DLC—Water Heating*	259	2.0%	\$167	354	2.3%	\$122
Residential Water Heater Timers*	194	1.5%	\$98	264	1.7%	\$72
Residential DLC—CAC	166	1.3%	\$71	0	0.0%	N/A
Residential DLC—Smart T-stat*	147	1.1%	\$47	268	1.7%	\$85
Residential BYOT*	39	0.3%	\$80	75	0.5%	\$42
Residential CPP	57	0.4%	\$12	168	1.1%	\$10
Residential Behavioral DR	13	0.1%	\$111	37	0.2%	\$110
Small Commercial DLC	15	0.1%	\$108	14	0.1%	\$56
Med Commercial DLC	55	0.4%	\$25	23	0.2%	\$32
Commercial Lighting Controls	55	0.4%	\$32	44	0.3%	\$32
Commercial Thermal Storage	9	0.1%	\$51	0	0.0%	N/A
Industrial Curtailment	315	2.4%	\$29	311	2.0%	\$29
Large Commercial Curtailment	196	1.5%	\$42	133	0.9%	\$42
C&I Interruptible Tariff	69	0.5%	\$73	62	0.4%	\$73
Industrial RTP	5	0.0%	\$34	5	0.0%	\$35
Large Farm Irrigation DLC	323	2.5%	\$36	n/a	n/a	n/a
Small/Medium Irrigation DLC	219	1.7%	\$50	n/a	n/a	n/a
DVR	232	1.8%	\$14	392	2.6%	\$14
Total*	2,369	18.3%		2,363	15.4%	

#### Batteries Will Play a Role on the Grid

- Batteries prices continue to fall (30-50% more in the next 10 years), and deployment expected to rise 3x by 2020.
- BPA has a battery focused initiative (2017present), and appreciates the partnership with utilities to explore battery uses.



Source: Lithium Ion Battery Costs, Bloomberg NEF, 2019 Long-Term Energy Storage Outlook, July 31, 2019.



Source: Bloomberg NEF 2018 Long-Term Energy Storage Outlook 11/15/2018

#### What's Next for BPA and DER

- Continue the dialogue with customer utilities on innovative programs and DER learnings.
- Work with the BPA Resource Program (2020 Program) on how DERs may fit into future capacity needs.
- Work with the Power Council (and the Demand Response Advisory Committee) on assumptions for the coming 2021 Power Plan.
- Evaluate opportunities for new types of grid assets, e.g. utility scale batteries, to provide cost effective solutions for BPA Power and Transmission (e.g. Non-Wires Alternatives)
- Questions? Use <u>DER@bpa.gov</u> or contact Lee Hall: ljhall@bpa.gov

